



## HARD ANTIFOULING

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

**1.1 Product identifier:** HARD ANTIFOULING

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**

Relevant uses: Products for ships, boats, ... (construction, repair, ...)

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**

Troton Sp. z o.o.  
Zabrowo 14A  
78-120 Goscino - Zachodniopomorskie - Polska  
Phone.: +48 94 35 123 94 -  
Fax: +48 94 35 126 22  
troton@troton.com.pl  
www.troton.pl

**1.4 Emergency telephone number:** ( 8am-4pm)+48 094 35 123 94; 112

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**

**CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008:**

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008.

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity if swallowed, Category 4, H302

Acute Tox. 4: Acute inhalation toxicity, Category 4, H332

Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 1, H410

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226

Lact.: Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation, H362

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315

Skin Sens. 1B: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1B, H317

**2.2 Label elements:**

**CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008:**

**Warning**



**Hazard statements:**

Acute Tox. 4: H302+H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled

Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

Lact.: H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation

Skin Sens. 1B: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

**Precautionary statements:**

P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301+P312: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P501: Dispose of contents and / or containers in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively

**Supplementary information:**

EUH205: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction

**2.3 Other hazards:**

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria



## HARD ANTIFOULING

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

#### 3.2 Mixture:

**Chemical description:** Mixture composed of chemical products

#### Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) n°1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

| Identification   | Chemical name/Classification   | Concentration                     |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| CAS: 1317-39-1<br>EC: 215-270-7<br>Index: 029-002-00-X<br>REACH 01-2119513794-36-<br>XXXX  | <b>Dicopper oxide</b> <sup>1</sup><br>Regulation 1272/2008<br>Acute Tox. 4: H302; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Danger  | ATP ATP09<br><br>25 - <50 %       |
| CAS: 1330-20-7<br>EC: 215-535-7<br>Index: 601-022-00-9<br>REACH 01-2119488216-32-<br>XXXX  | <b>Xylene</b> <sup>1</sup><br>Regulation 1272/2008<br>Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger   | Self-classified<br><br>25 - <50 % |
| CAS: 8050-09-7<br>EC: 232-475-7<br>Index: 650-015-00-7<br>REACH 01-2119480418-32-<br>XXXX  | <b>Rosin</b> <sup>1</sup><br>Regulation 1272/2008<br>Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Warning  | ATP CLP00<br><br>10 - <25 %       |
| CAS: 1314-13-2<br>EC: 215-222-5<br>Index: 030-013-00-7<br>REACH 01-2119463881-32-<br>XXXX  | <b>Zinc oxide</b> <sup>1</sup><br>Regulation 1272/2008<br>Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Warning   | ATP CLP00<br><br>1 - <10 %        |
| CAS: 1569-02-4<br>EC: 216-374-5<br>Index: 603-177-00-8<br>REACH 01-2119462792-32-<br>XXXX  | <b>1-ethoxypropan-2-ol</b> <sup>1</sup><br>Regulation 1272/2008<br>Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning   | ATP CLP00<br><br>1 - <10 %        |
| CAS: 85535-85-9<br>EC: 287-477-0<br>Index: 602-095-00-X<br>REACH 01-2119519269-33-<br>XXXX | <b>Alkanes, C14-17, chloro</b> <sup>1</sup><br>Regulation 1272/2008<br>Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Lact.: H362; EUH066 - Warning   | ATP ATP01<br><br>1 - <10 %        |
| CAS: 100-41-4<br>EC: 202-849-4<br>Index: 601-023-00-4<br>REACH 01-2119489370-35-<br>XXXX   | <b>Ethylbenzene</b> <sup>1</sup><br>Regulation 1272/2008<br>Acute Tox. 4: H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT RE 2: H373 - Danger  | ATP ATP06<br><br>1 - <10 %        |
| CAS: 25068-38-6<br>EC: 500-033-5<br>Index: 603-074-00-8<br>REACH 01-2119456619-26-<br>XXXX | <b>reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) (MW &lt; 700)</b> <sup>1</sup><br>Regulation 1272/2008<br>Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Warning | ATP CLP00<br><br>1 - <10 %        |

<sup>1</sup> Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

To obtain more information on the risk of the substances consult sections 8, 11, 12, 15 and 16.

### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

##### By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

##### By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

##### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

##### By ingestion/aspiration:

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### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administrate anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO<sub>2</sub>). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use tap water as an extinguishing agent.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

#### Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inertization agent. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

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### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 10 °C

Maximum Temp.: 30 °C

Maximum time: 12 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the work environment

| Identification                                 | Environmental limits |         |                       |
|--|----------------------|---------|-----------------------|
|  | IOELV (8h)           | 50 ppm  | 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
| Xylene<br>CAS: 1330-20-7<br>EC: 215-535-7      | IOELV (STEL)         | 100 ppm | 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|  | Year                 | 2017    |                       |
|  | IOELV (8h)           | 100 ppm | 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
| Ethylbenzene<br>CAS: 100-41-4<br>EC: 202-849-4 | IOELV (STEL)         | 200 ppm | 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|  | Year                 | 2017    |                       |
|  | IOELV (8h)           | 100 ppm | 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |



#### 8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.



B.- Respiratory protection

| Pictogram   | PPE                               | Labelling  | CEN Standard        | Remarks  |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| <br>Mandatory respiratory tract protection | Filter mask for gases and vapours | <br>CAT III | EN 405:2001+A1:2009 | Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment. |

C.- Specific protection for the hands



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### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)





| Pictogram  | PPE                                   | Labelling   | CEN Standard | Remarks   |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|--------------|---|
| <br>Mandatory hand protection | Protective gloves against minor risks |  |              | Replace gloves in case of any sign of damage. For prolonged periods of exposure to the product for professional users/industrials, we recommend using CE III gloves in line with standards EN 420 and EN 374. |

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application



#### D.- Ocular and facial protection

| Pictogram  | PPE   | Labelling   | CEN Standard                    | Remarks   |
|--|---|---|---------------------------------|---|
| <br>Mandatory face protection | Panoramic glasses against splash/projections. |  | EN 166:2001<br>EN ISO 4007:2012 | Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. |

#### E.- Bodily protection

| Pictogram   | PPE   | Labelling   | CEN Standard   | Remarks                                     |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| <br>Mandatory complete body protection | Antistatic and fireproof protective clothing                  |    | EN 1149-1:2006<br>EN 1149-2:1997<br>EN 1149-3:2004<br>EN 168:2001<br>EN ISO 14116:2008/AC:2009<br>EN 1149-5:2008 | Limited protection against flames.          |
| <br>Mandatory foot protection         | Safety footwear with antistatic and heat resistant properties |  | EN 13287:2008<br>EN ISO 20345:2011   | Replace boots at any sign of deterioration. |

#### F.- Additional emergency measures

| Emergency measure   | Standards                      | Emergency measure  | Standards                     |
|---|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| <br>Emergency shower | ANSI Z358-1<br>ISO 3864-1:2002 | <br>Eyewash stations | DIN 12 899<br>ISO 3864-1:2002 |

#### Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

##### Appearance:

|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Physical state at 20 °C: | Liquid  |
| Appearance:              | Fluid   |
| Colour:                  |  Black |
| Odour:                   | Characteristic  |
| Odour threshold:         | Non-applicable *  |

##### Volatility:

|  |                  |
|--|------------------|
| Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: | 136 °C           |
| Vapour pressure at 20 °C:              | Non-applicable * |
| Vapour pressure at 50 °C:              | Non-applicable * |
| Evaporation rate at 20 °C:             | Non-applicable * |

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.



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### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

**Product description:**

|  |                                  |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Density at 20 °C:                            | 1 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (ASTM D1298) |
| Relative density at 20 °C:                   | 1,523                            |
| Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:                  | 1,76 cP                          |
| Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:                | 1,15 cSt                         |
| Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:                | Non-applicable *                 |
| Concentration:                               | Non-applicable *                 |
| pH:  | Non-applicable *                 |
| Vapour density at 20 °C:                     | Non-applicable *                 |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C: | Non-applicable *                 |
| Solubility in water at 20 °C:                | Non-applicable *                 |
| Solubility properties:                       | Non-applicable *                 |
| Decomposition temperature:                   | Non-applicable *                 |
| Melting point/freezing point:                | Non-applicable *                 |
| Explosive properties:                        | Non-applicable *                 |
| Oxidising properties:                        | Non-applicable *                 |

**Flammability:**

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Flash Point:               | 39 °C (ASTM D-92) (Does not maintain combustion) |
| Flammability (solid, gas): | Non-applicable *                                 |
| Autoignition temperature:  | 255 °C   |
| Lower flammability limit:  | Not available                                    |
| Upper flammability limit:  | Not available                                    |

**Explosive:**

|                        |                  |
|------------------------|------------------|
| Lower explosive limit: | Non-applicable * |
| Upper explosive limit: | Non-applicable * |

**9.2 Other information:**

|                           |                  |
|---------------------------|------------------|
| Surface tension at 20 °C: | Non-applicable * |
| Refraction index:         | Non-applicable * |

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**10.1 Reactivity:**

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

**10.2 Chemical stability:**

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:**

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid:**

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

| Shock and friction | Contact with air | Increase in temperature | Sunlight            | Humidity       |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Not applicable     | Not applicable   | Risk of combustion      | Avoid direct impact | Not applicable |

**10.5 Incompatible materials:**

| Acids              | Water          | Combustive materials | Combustible materials | Others                        |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Avoid strong acids | Not applicable | Avoid direct impact  | Not applicable        | Avoid alkalis or strong bases |

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:**



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### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

#### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A.- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: May cause harm to breast-fed children

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Cutaneous: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### Other information:

Non-applicable

#### Specific toxicology information on the substances:



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### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

| Identification  | Acute toxicity  |                      | Genus  |
|---|-----------------|----------------------|--------|
|   | Route           | Dose                 |        |
| Dicopper oxide<br>CAS: 1317-39-1<br>EC: 215-270-7   | LD50 oral       | 1340 mg/kg           | Rat    |
|   | LD50 dermal     | >2000 mg/kg          |        |
|   | LC50 inhalation | >5 mg/L (4 h)        |        |
| Xylene<br>CAS: 1330-20-7<br>EC: 215-535-7   | LD50 oral       | 2100 mg/kg           | Rat    |
|   | LD50 dermal     | 1100 mg/kg (ATEi)    | Rat    |
|   | LC50 inhalation | 11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi) |        |
| Rosin<br>CAS: 8050-09-7<br>EC: 232-475-7  | LD50 oral       | 4100 mg/kg           | Rat    |
|   | LD50 dermal     | >2000 mg/kg          |        |
|   | LC50 inhalation | >5 mg/L (4 h)        |        |
| Zinc oxide<br>CAS: 1314-13-2<br>EC: 215-222-5   | LD50 oral       | 7950 mg/kg           | Mouse  |
|   | LD50 dermal     | >2000 mg/kg          |        |
|   | LC50 inhalation | >5 mg/L (4 h)        |        |
| 1-ethoxypropan-2-ol<br>CAS: 1569-02-4<br>EC: 216-374-5  | LD50 oral       | 4400 mg/kg           | Rat    |
|   | LD50 dermal     | 8100 mg/kg           | Rabbit |
|   | LC50 inhalation | >20 mg/L (4 h)       |        |
| Alkanes, C14-17, chloro<br>CAS: 85535-85-9<br>EC: 287-477-0                                   | LD50 oral       | >2000 mg/kg          |        |
|   | LD50 dermal     | >2000 mg/kg          |        |
|   | LC50 inhalation | >20 mg/L (4 h)       |        |
| Ethylbenzene<br>CAS: 100-41-4<br>EC: 202-849-4  | LD50 oral       | 3500 mg/kg           | Rat    |
|   | LD50 dermal     | 15354 mg/kg          | Rabbit |
|   | LC50 inhalation | 17,2 mg/L (4 h)      | Rat    |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) (MW < 700)<br>CAS: 25068-38-6<br>EC: 500-033-5 | LD50 oral       | >2000 mg/kg          |        |
|   | LD50 dermal     | >2000 mg/kg          |        |
|   | LC50 inhalation | >5 mg/L (4 h)        |        |

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

#### 12.1 Toxicity:

| Identification  | Acute toxicity |                     | Species                   | Genus      |
|---|----------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------|
|   | Route          | Dose                |                           |            |
| Dicopper oxide<br>CAS: 1317-39-1<br>EC: 215-270-7           | LC50           | 0.8 mg/L (96 h)     | Cyprinus carpio           | Fish       |
|   | EC50           | 0.117 mg/L (48 h)   | Daphnia magna             | Crustacean |
|   | EC50           | Non-applicable      |                           |            |
| Xylene<br>CAS: 1330-20-7<br>EC: 215-535-7                   | LC50           | 13.5 mg/L (96 h)    | Oncorhynchus mykiss       | Fish       |
|   | EC50           | 0.6 mg/L (96 h)     | Gammarus lacustris        | Crustacean |
|   | EC50           | 10 mg/L (72 h)      | Skeletonema costatum      | Algae      |
| Rosin<br>CAS: 8050-09-7<br>EC: 232-475-7                    | LC50           | 150 mg/L (96 h)     | Brachydanio rerio         | Fish       |
|   | EC50           | 238 mg/L (48 h)     | Daphnia magna             | Crustacean |
|   | EC50           | 185 mg/L (72 h)     | Selenastrum capricornutum | Algae      |
| Zinc oxide<br>CAS: 1314-13-2<br>EC: 215-222-5               | LC50           | 0.82 mg/L (96 h)    | Oncorhynchus kisutch      | Fish       |
|   | EC50           | 3.4 mg/L (48 h)     | Daphnia magna             | Crustacean |
|   | EC50           | Non-applicable      |                           |            |
| 1-ethoxypropan-2-ol<br>CAS: 1569-02-4<br>EC: 216-374-5      | LC50           | 4600 mg/L (96 h)    | Leuciscus idus            | Fish       |
|   | EC50           | 21100 mg/L (48 h)   | Daphnia magna             | Crustacean |
|   | EC50           | Non-applicable      |                           |            |
| Alkanes, C14-17, chloro<br>CAS: 85535-85-9<br>EC: 287-477-0 | LC50           | 0.1 - 1 mg/L (96 h) |                           | Fish       |
|   | EC50           | 0.1 - 1 mg/L        |                           | Crustacean |
|   | EC50           | 0.1 - 1 mg/L        |                           | Algae      |
| Ethylbenzene<br>CAS: 100-41-4<br>EC: 202-849-4              | LC50           | 42.3 mg/L (96 h)    | Pimephales promelas       | Fish       |
|   | EC50           | 75 mg/L (48 h)      | Daphnia magna             | Crustacean |
|   | EC50           | 63 mg/L (3 h)       | Chlorella vulgaris        | Algae      |

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -





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### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

| Identification  | Acute toxicity |                    | Species | Genus      |
|---|----------------|--------------------|---------|------------|
| reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) (MW < 700)<br>CAS: 25068-38-6<br>EC: 500-033-5 | LC50           | 1 - 10 mg/L (96 h) |         | Fish       |
|   | EC50           | 1 - 10 mg/L        |         | Crustacean |
|   | EC50           | 1 - 10 mg/L        |         | Algae      |

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

| Identification  | Degradability |                          | Biodegradability |                |
|---|---------------|--------------------------|------------------|----------------|
|   |               |                          |                  |                |
| Rosin<br>CAS: 8050-09-7<br>EC: 232-475-7  | BOD5          | Non-applicable           | Concentration    | Non-applicable |
|   | COD           | Non-applicable           | Period           | 28 days        |
|   | BOD5/COD      | Non-applicable           | % Biodegradable  | 32 %           |
| 1-ethoxypropan-2-ol<br>CAS: 1569-02-4<br>EC: 216-374-5  | BOD5          | 2.15 g O <sub>2</sub> /g | Concentration    | 100 mg/L       |
|   | COD           | Non-applicable           | Period           | 28 days        |
|   | BOD5/COD      | Non-applicable           | % Biodegradable  | 78 %           |
| Ethylbenzene<br>CAS: 100-41-4<br>EC: 202-849-4  | BOD5          | Non-applicable           | Concentration    | 100 mg/L       |
|   | COD           | Non-applicable           | Period           | 14 days        |
|   | BOD5/COD      | Non-applicable           | % Biodegradable  | 90 %           |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) (MW < 700)<br>CAS: 25068-38-6<br>EC: 500-033-5 | BOD5          | Non-applicable           | Concentration    | 100 mg/L       |
|   | COD           | Non-applicable           | Period           | 28 days        |
|   | BOD5/COD      | Non-applicable           | % Biodegradable  | 0 %            |

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

| Identification  | Bioaccumulation potential |      |
|---|---------------------------|------|
|   |                           |      |
| Xylene<br>CAS: 1330-20-7<br>EC: 215-535-7   | BCF                       | 9    |
|   | Pow Log                   | 2.77 |
|   | Potential                 | Low  |
| 1-ethoxypropan-2-ol<br>CAS: 1569-02-4<br>EC: 216-374-5  | BCF                       | 1    |
|   | Pow Log                   | 1    |
|   | Potential                 | Low  |
| Ethylbenzene<br>CAS: 100-41-4<br>EC: 202-849-4  | BCF                       | 1    |
|   | Pow Log                   | 3.15 |
|   | Potential                 | Low  |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) (MW < 700)<br>CAS: 25068-38-6<br>EC: 500-033-5 | BCF                       | 4    |
|   | Pow Log                   | 2.8  |
|   | Potential                 | Low  |

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

| Identification                                 | Absorption/desorption |                      | Volatility |                               |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|------------|-------------------------------|
|  |                       |                      |            |                               |
| Ethylbenzene<br>CAS: 100-41-4<br>EC: 202-849-4 | Koc                   | 520                  | Henry      | 798,44 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol |
|  | Conclusion            | Moderate             | Dry soil   | Yes                           |
|  | Surface tension       | 2,859E-2 N/m (25 °C) | Moist soil | Yes                           |

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

| Code | Description   | Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014) |
|------|---|--|
|      | It is not possible to assign a specific code, as it depends on the intended use by the user | Dangerous                                  |

#### Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP3 Flammable, HP14 Ecotoxic, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP6 Acute Toxicity

#### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

## HARD ANTIFOULING

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (continued)

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommend disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

#### Regulations related to waste management:



In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) n°1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION



#### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2017 and RID 2017:

|   |  |        |
|---|--|--------|
|   | <b>14.1 UN number:</b>                   | UN1263 |
|   | <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name:</b>     | PAINT  |
|   | <b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es):</b>  | 3      |
|   | Labels:                                  | 3      |
|   | <b>14.4 Packing group:</b>               | III    |
|   | <b>14.5 Environmental hazards:</b>       | Yes    |
|   | <b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b> |        |
| Special regulations:  | 163, 367, 640E, 650                      |        |
| Tunnel restriction code:  | D/E                                      |        |
| Physico-Chemical properties:  | see section 9                            |        |
| Limited quantities:   | 5 L                                      |        |
| <b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:</b>   | Non-applicable                           |        |

#### Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 38-16:

|   |  |        |
|---|--|--------|
|   | <b>14.1 UN number:</b>                   | UN1263 |
|   | <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name:</b>     | PAINT  |
|   | <b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es):</b>  | 3      |
|   | Labels:                                  | 3      |
|   | <b>14.4 Packing group:</b>               | III    |
|   | <b>14.5 Environmental hazards:</b>       | Yes    |
|   | <b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b> |        |
| Special regulations:  | 163, 223, 367, 955                       |        |
| EmS Codes:  | F-E, S-E                                 |        |
| Physico-Chemical properties:  | see section 9                            |        |
| Limited quantities:   | 5 L                                      |        |
| <b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:</b>   | Non-applicable                           |        |

#### Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2017:



## HARD ANTIFOULING

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



|   |                |
|---|----------------|
| <b>14.1 UN number:</b>  | UN1263         |
| <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name:</b>  | PAINT          |
| <b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es):</b>   | 3              |
| Labels:   | 3              |
| <b>14.4 Packing group:</b>  | III            |
| <b>14.5 Environmental hazards:</b>  | Yes            |
| <b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>  |                |
| Physico-Chemical properties:  | see section 9  |
| <b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:</b> | Non-applicable |

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable

Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable

Regulation (EC) 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable

Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Dicopper oxide (Product-type 21)

REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

**Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ....):**

Non-applicable

#### **Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:**

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

#### **Other legislation:**

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Legislation related to safety data sheets:**

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) N° 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) N° 2015/830)

#### **Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:**

Non-applicable

#### **Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:**

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour

H302: Harmful if swallowed

H332: Harmful if inhaled

H315: Causes skin irritation

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction

H362: May cause harm to breast-fed children

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:**

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

#### **CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008:**



## HARD ANTIFOULING

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed  
Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled  
Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled  
Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life  
Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects  
Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects  
Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage  
Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation  
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour  
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour  
Lact.: H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children  
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation  
Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction  
STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  
STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral)  
STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation  
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### Classification procedure:

Flam. Liq. 3: On basis of test data  
Acute Tox. 4: Calculation method  
Acute Tox. 4: Calculation method  
Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method  
Skin Sens. 1B: Calculation method  
Lact.: Calculation method  
Aquatic Chronic 1: Calculation method

#### Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

#### Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://echa.europa.eu>  
<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road  
IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code  
IATA: International Air Transport Association  
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation  
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand  
BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand  
BCF: Bioconcentration factor  
LD50: Lethal Dose 50  
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50  
EC50: Effective concentration 50  
Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient  
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.